

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): An anisotropically conductive connector comprising:
elastic anisotropically conductive films each having a functional part, in which a plurality of conductive parts for connection containing conductive particles and extending in a thickness-wise direction of the film have been arranged in a state mutually insulated by an insulating part,

wherein assuming that a thickness of the conductive parts for connection in the functional part of the elastic anisotropically conductive film is T1 and a thickness of the insulating part in the functional part is T2, a ratio (T2/T1) is at least 0.9, and

wherein a first surface of the functional part of the elastic anisotropically conductive film is flat, the flat surface contacting a subject to be inspected, and in a second surface of the functional part of the elastic anisotropically conductive film, the conductive part for connection is formed as a projected part.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): An anisotropically conductive connector suitable for use in conducting electrical inspection of each of a plurality of integrated circuits formed on a wafer in a state of the wafer, which comprises:

a frame, plate, in which a plurality of anisotropically conductive film-arranging holes each extending through in a thickness-wise direction of the frame plate have been formed corresponding to electrode regions, in which electrodes to be inspected have been arranged, in all or part of the integrated circuits formed on the wafer, which is an object of inspection, and a plurality of elastic anisotropically conductive films arranged in the respective anisotropically conductive film-arranging holes in this frame plate and each supported by the peripheral part about the anisotropically conductive film-arranging hole,

wherein each of the elastic anisotropically conductive films is equipped with a functional part having a plurality of conductive parts for connection arranged corresponding to the electrodes to be inspected in the integrated circuits formed on the wafer, which is the object of inspection, containing conductive particles exhibiting magnetism at a high density and extending in a thickness-wise direction of the film, and an insulating part mutually insulating these conductive parts for connection, and

wherein assuming that a thickness of the conductive parts for connection in the functional part of the elastic anisotropically conductive film is T1 and a thickness of the insulating part in the functional part is T2, a ratio (T2/T1) is at least 0.9, and

wherein a first surface of the functional part of the elastic anisotropically conductive film is flat, the flat surface contacting a subject to be inspected, and in a second surface of the functional part of the elastic anisotropically conductive film, the conductive part for connection is formed as a projected part.

Claim 3 (Cancelled).

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): The anisotropically conductive connector according to claim 2 3, wherein said at least one flat surface of the functional part in each of the elastic anisotropically conductive films is formed so as to project from any other portion, and

wherein assuming that when a sum total of areas of one surfaces surface of the functional parts of all the elastic anisotropically conductive films is S1, and an area of a surface of the wafer, which is the object of inspection, on a side that the electrodes to be inspected have been formed, is S2, a ratio of S1/S2 is 0.001 to 0.3.

Claim 5 (Previously Presented): The anisotropically conductive connector according to claim 4, wherein the coefficient of linear thermal expansion of the frame plate is at most $3 \times 10^{-5}/\text{K}$.

Claim 6 (Previously Presented): A probe member suitable for use in conducting electrical inspection of each of a plurality of integrated circuits formed on a wafer in a state of the wafer, which comprises:

a circuit board for inspection, on the surface of which inspection electrodes have been formed in accordance with a pattern corresponding to a pattern of electrodes to be inspected of the integrated circuits formed on the wafer, which is an object of inspection, and the anisotropically conductive connector according to claim 5, which is arranged on the surface of the circuit board for inspection.

Claim 7 (Original): The probe member according to claim 6, wherein the coefficient of linear thermal expansion of the frame plate in the anisotropically conductive connector is at most $3 \times 10^{-5}/\text{K}$, and the coefficient of linear thermal expansion of a base material making up the circuit board for inspection is at most $3 \times 10^{-5}/\text{K}$.

Claim 8 (Previously Presented): The probe member according to claim 6, wherein a sheet-like connector composed of an insulating sheet and a plurality of electrode structures each extending through the insulating sheet in a thickness-wise direction thereof and arranged in accordance with a pattern corresponding to the pattern of the electrodes to be inspected is arranged on the anisotropically conductive connector.

Claim 9 (Previously Presented): A wafer inspection apparatus for conducting electrical inspection of each of a plurality of integrated circuits formed on a wafer in a state of the wafer, which comprises the probe member according to claim 6,

wherein electrical connection to the integrated circuits formed on the wafer, which is an object of inspection, is achieved through the probe member.

Claim 10 (Previously Presented): A wafer inspection method comprising a step of electrically connecting each of a plurality of integrated circuits formed on a wafer to a tester through the probe member according to claim 6 to perform electrical inspection of the integrated circuits formed on the wafer.

Claim 11 (Previously Presented): A wafer inspection apparatus for conducting electrical inspection of each of a plurality of integrated circuits formed on a wafer in a state of the wafer, which comprises the probe member according to claim 7,

wherein electrical connection to the integrated circuits formed on the wafer, which is an object of inspection, is achieved through the probe member.

Claim 12 (Previously Presented): A wafer inspection apparatus for conducting electrical inspection of each of a plurality of integrated circuits formed on a wafer in a state of the wafer, which comprises the probe member according to claim 8,

wherein electrical connection to the integrated circuits formed on the wafer, which is an object of inspection, is achieved through the probe member.

Claim 13 (Previously Presented): A wafer inspection method comprising a step of electrically connecting each of a plurality of integrated circuits formed on a wafer to a tester

through the probe member according to claim 7 to perform electrical inspection of the integrated circuits formed on the wafer.

Claim 14 (Previously Presented): A wafer inspection method comprising a step of electrically connecting each of a plurality of integrated circuits formed on a wafer to a tester through the probe member according to claim 8 to perform electrical inspection of the integrated circuits formed on the wafer.